



KANSAS PHYSICAL THERAPIST JURISPRUDENCE EXAM (PTs Only)

All Physical Therapist: Complete the jurisprudence exam and submit with your application. A score of 80% or higher is required. Each question is given a weight of four (4) percentage points. Answers are available in the [Physical Therapy Statute and Regulation Handbook](#).

Full Name of Applicant

Date

1. Which is NOT part of Kansas Statute 65-2901, (hereafter called the Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act), definition of physical therapy?
 - a. Examining, evaluating and testing individuals
 - b. Alleviating impairments, functional limitations and disabilities
 - c. The practice of any branch of the healing arts
 - d. Fabrication of orthotics, debridement and wound care, manual therapy.

2. Which professional designation is not legal for introductions or business cards/public address in Kansas?
 - a. Dr. Jane Doe, physical therapist
 - b. Jane Doe, PT, DPT
 - c. Dr. Jane Doe, DPT
 - d. Dr. Jane Doe

3. Which is NOT part of obtaining a temporary permit to practice in Kansas?
 - a. Submission of an application on a form sent to the Board of Healing Arts
 - b. Meeting all requirements for licensure as a physical therapist (PT), or certification as a physical therapist assistant (PTA)
 - c. Payment of a temporary permit fee, which expires three months after date of issue
 - d. Obtaining additional temporary permits

4. Which is NOT one of the requirements for licensure renewal applications?
 - a. 20 continuing educational hours for PTs and 10 for PTAs every two years.
 - b. Notice of conviction of felony, fraud, incompetence, or unprofessional conduct.
 - c. Updates to the Board of Healing Arts on correct address and work setting within 30 days of change
 - d. Proof of professional liability insurance policy, except for inactive license

5. Which is NOT one of the reasons licenses may be refused or sanctioned, suspended or limited?
 - a. Failure to refer patients to other providers if symptoms are beyond physical therapy scope of practice
 - b. Addiction to, or distribution of, intoxicating liquors or drugs for other than lawful purposes
 - c. Knowingly submitting any deceptive or untrue claim, bill or statement
 - d. Treating human beings as authorized by the Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act

6. Which would NOT be considered unprofessional conduct that results in a sanction of license?
 - a. Failing to provide adequate supervision to a PTA or other person who performs services pursuant to delegation by a physical therapist.
 - b. Promising a patient a permanent cure for an incurable disease, condition or injury.
 - c. Changing jobs too frequently.
 - d. Advertising a guarantee of any professional physical therapy service.

7. What is NOT part of the definition of unprofessional conduct?
 - a. Charging excessive fees for services performed
 - b. Treating two or more patients at one time
 - c. Providing treatment unwarranted by the patient's condition or continuing beyond reasonable benefit
 - d. Committing any act of sexual abuse or misconduct



8. Supervision of a PTA by a PT includes all of the following EXCEPT:
 - a. Notification by the PTA to the Board of Healing Arts of each supervising PT's name and license number
 - b. On-site personal supervision of aides, technicians, or paraprofessionals by the PT, or PTA under the direction of the PT, being immediately available to support personnel.
 - c. Support personnel may be delegated skilled professional care of patients beyond basic "tasks" if given on-site instructions
 - d. Consideration of the education, training, experience and skill level of the physical therapist assistant

9. The Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act specifically states that the supervising physical therapist must supervise each physical therapist assistant working under his or her direction and supervision. How often must the physical therapist see each patient treated by the physical therapist assistant?
 - a. A minimum of every 30 days
 - b. A minimum of every two weeks
 - c. A minimum of weekly
 - d. Neither the Statutes nor the Rules and Regulations specify a specific time frame, except when a PTA initiates treatment after phone consultation with the PT

10. The Kansas State Board of Healing Arts can now impose a fine on a Physical therapist for a first offense not to exceed:
 - a. \$100
 - b. \$5,000
 - c. \$10,000
 - d. \$500

11. Under the Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act, which of the following are NOT within the scope of physical therapy practice?
 - a. Laser surgery
 - b. Anodyne treatment
 - c. Electromyography
 - d. Nerve conduction velocity testing

12. Physical therapists can evaluate and treat, without a referral from a licensed care professional, in all cases EXCEPT:
 - a. Wound debridement
 - b. Employees solely for the purpose of work-place injury prevention
 - c. Special education students as part of an IEP or IFSP
 - d. In a hospital outpatient PT department

13. Physical therapists may evaluate and treat a patient, without a referral from a licensed health care professional, for no more than 10 visits or 15 business days after initial treatment EXCEPT:
 - a. Patient was provided written diagnosis that physical therapist cannot make "medical diagnosis"
 - b. In a hospital outpatient physical therapy department
 - c. Patient has demonstrated objective, measurable or functional improvement
 - d. All of the above

14. Which statement is a description of an appropriate activity for a PTA?
 - a. Interpretation of a referral, followed by performance and documentation of initial examination, testing, evaluation, diagnosis, and prognosis
 - b. Provision of physical therapy treatment interventions following an established plan of care
 - c. Development or modification of a plan of care that is based on a reexamination of the patient or client that includes the physical therapy goals for intervention
 - d. Documentation of the patient's discharge summary



15. Physical therapists are required to countersign notes written by physical therapists and physical therapist assistants who are working under a temporary permit.
 - a. True
 - b. False
16. Physical therapists and physical therapist assistants who have temporary permits must have direct supervision by a licensed physical therapist until they pass the appropriate PT or PTA national examination.
 - a. True
 - b. False
17. According to the Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act, physical therapists are not allowed to delegate parts of the skilled physical therapy treatment to physical therapy aides.
 - a. True
 - b. False
18. Physical therapist assistants can write the discharge summary for a patient (e.g., a summary of treatments, patient progress, goals met, prognosis for further increase in function, etc.).
 - a. True
 - b. False
19. Physical therapists are required to carry malpractice insurance in the amount of 1 million/3 million.
 - a. True
 - b. False
20. In a sports medicine clinic, it is appropriate for a physical therapist assistant who is also an athletic trainer to evaluate and treat a patient and bill for it as physical therapy.
 - a. True
 - b. False
21. If I know a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant is practicing unethically or illegally, and do nothing about it, I am in violation of the Kansas Physical Therapy Practice Act.
 - a. True
 - b. False
22. According to Kansas Rules and Regulations, it would be considered unprofessional conduct for a PTA to allow his/her patients to refer to him/her as "my physical therapist".
 - a. True
 - b. False
23. It is unprofessional conduct for a physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant to refer a patient or a client to a health care entity for services if the PT or PTA has a significant investment interest in the health care entity, unless the patient/client is informed in writing of the significant investment interest and that the patient/client can obtain services elsewhere.
 - a. True
 - b. False
24. The PT Advisory Council currently consists of three PTs, a physician, and a member of the Kansas State Board of Healing Arts.
 - a. True
 - b. False
25. Physical therapists may provide services without a referral to special education students who need physical therapy services to fulfill the provisions of their individualized education plan or individualized family service plan.
 - a. True
 - b. False